FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Hitachi Announces Consolidated Financial Results for the Third Quarter ended December 31, 2006

Tokyo, February 5, 2007 --- Hitachi, Ltd. (NYSE:HIT / TSE:6501) today announced its consolidated financial results for the third quarter of fiscal 2006, ended December 31, 2006.

- Notes:1. All figures, except for the outlook for fiscal 2006, were converted at the rate of 119 yen to the U.S. dollar, the approximate exchange rate on the Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market as of December 29, 2006.
 - 2. Segment information and operating income (loss) are presented in accordance with financial reporting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan.

1. Business Results for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2006

(1) Summary of Fiscal 2006 Third Quarter Consolidated Business Results

Three months ended December 31, 2006 Billions Year-over-year Millions of of yen % change U.S. dollars Revenues 2,488.3 10% 20,910 Operating income 61.5 57% 517 Income before income taxes and minority interests 62.6 5% 526 Income before minority interests 26.3 9% 221 Net income 1.2 (77%) 11

During the third quarter, the world economy remained steady as a whole. The U.S. economy, although experiencing a continued slowdown in housing investment, was firm on the back of strength in consumer spending. Asian economies grew strongly, reflecting a sustained high growth rate in China and other factors. European economies,

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meanwhile, grew moderately.

The Japanese economy was generally healthy on the back of higher plant and equipment investment amid the continued improvement in corporate earnings, although growth in consumer spending was lackluster.

Under these conditions, the Hitachi Group worked to strengthen its competitiveness on a consolidated basis. Hitachi continued to make substantial investments in businesses targeted for growth and, at the same time, pushed ahead with ongoing structural business reforms.

During the third quarter, in flat-panel TVs, a business targeted for growth, volume production of plasma display panels was started at a third plant operated by Fujitsu Hitachi Plasma Display Limited (FHP), helping efforts to reduce panel production costs. In terms of business restructuring, Hitachi made Clarion Co., Ltd. a subsidiary after conducting a tender offer for the company's shares, with the aim of bolstering the Car Information Systems (CIS) business. In another move, Hitachi and General Electric Company (GE) agreed to establish companies in Japan and the U.S. through joint investment as part of a global strategic alliance in the nuclear power business.

Hitachi's consolidated revenues increased 10%, to 2,488.3 billion yen. Revenues were higher year on year in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment on strong growth in software and services and storage products; the Power & Industrial Systems segment, reflecting growth in automotive systems, sales at Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd. and other factors; and the High Functional Materials & Components segment, mainly due to growth in sales of electronics- and automotive-related components and materials.

Overseas revenues climbed 13%, to 1,067.7 billion yen. Revenues were higher in the Information & Telecommunication Systems, Power & Industrial Systems, High Functional Materials & Components and other segments, particularly in China, which is a focus of the Hitachi Group's efforts overseas. Overseas revenues accounted for 43% of total consolidated revenues, up 1 percentage point year on year.

Operating income climbed 57%, to 61.5 billion yen, despite an operating loss in the Digital Media & Consumer Products segment. The overall increase in operating income reflected higher earnings in the Information & Telecommunication Systems, Electronic Devices, Power & Industrial Systems and other segments.

Other income decreased 52%, to 14.3 billion yen on account of lower earnings from net gains on securities and other factors. Other deductions increased 41%, to 13.2 billion yen.

As a result, Hitachi recorded income before income taxes and minority interests of 62.6 billion yen, up 5% year on year. After income taxes of 36.3 billion yen, Hitachi posted income before minority interests of 26.3 billion yen. Net income declined 77%, to 1.2 billion yen year on year.

(2) Revenues and Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

Results by segment were as follows.

[Information & Telecommunication Systems]

	Thre	e months ended Dec	cember 31, 2006
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	Yen	% change	U.S. dollars
Revenues	582.7	14%	4,897
Operating income	6.4	-	55

Information & Telecommunication Systems revenues rose 14%, to 582.7 billion yen. Software and services saw strong growth in software sales and services, particularly to financial institutions. In hardware, there was growth in Hard Disk Drive (HDDs), telecommunications equipment and ATMs, among other products.

The segment recorded operating income of 6.4 billion yen, up from 0.5 billion yen a year earlier. Although the loss widened in HDD operations, there was growth in earnings from software, ATMs and other products.

Note: HDD operations are conducted by Hitachi Global Storage Technologies (Hitachi GST), which has a December 31 fiscal year-end, different from Hitachi's March 31 year-end. Hitachi's results for the third quarter ended December 31, 2006 include operating results of Hitachi GST for the three-month from July through September 2006.

[Electronic Devices]

	Thre	Three months ended December 31, 2006			
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of		
	Yen	% change	U.S. dollars		
Revenues	305.9	3%	2,571		
Operating income	15.3	136%	129		

Electronic Devices revenues were 305.9 billion yen, on a par with the previous fiscal year, reflecting lower revenues in the display business due to the transfer of operations

for large LCD TVs to equity-method affiliate IPS Alpha Technology, Ltd. and other factors, offset by strong sales at Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation.

Operating income climbed 136%, to 15.3 billion yen, mainly due to the display business regained profitability and higher earnings at Hitachi High-Technologies.

[Power & Industrial Systems]

	Three months ended December 31, 2006			
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of	
	Yen	% change	U.S. dollars	
Revenues	676.9	12%	5,689	
Operating income	27.7	114%	233	

Power & Industrial Systems revenues increased 12%, to 676.9 billion yen due to higher sales in automotive systems and elevators and escalators, as well as strong sales, mainly outside Japan, at Hitachi Construction Machinery.

The segment posted operating income of 27.7 billion yen, 114% higher year on year, due to strong earnings at Hitachi Construction Machinery and higher earnings from elevators and escalators as well as other products.

Note: On April 1, 2006, Hitachi Air Conditioning Systems Co., Ltd. (Power & Industrial Systems segment) and Hitachi Home & Life Solutions, Inc. (Digital Media & Consumer Products segment) were merged to form Hitachi Appliances, Inc. The new company belongs to the Digital Media & Consumer Products segment.

[Digital Media & Consumer Products]

	Thre	e months ended Dec	cember 31, 2006
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars
Revenues	371.7	3%	3,124
Operating loss	(19.0)	-	(160)

Digital Media & Consumer Products segment revenues rose 3%, to 371.7 billion yen despite lower sales of digital media products such as plasma TVs and DVD recorders due to falling prices. The overall increase in revenues reflected the effect of merging Hitachi Air Conditioning Systems Co., Ltd. and Hitachi Home & Life Solutions, Inc. in April last year, and growth in sales of home appliances.

The segment posted an operating loss of 19.0 billion yen due to wider losses in flat-panel TVs, DVD recorders and other products.

[High Functional Materials & Components]

Three months ended December 31, 2006

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	Billions of	Billions of Year-over-year			
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars		
Revenues	468.5	13%	3,938		
Operating income	36.1	17%	303		

Segment revenues rose 13%, to 468.5 billion yen on the back of higher sales at Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., mainly in the semiconductor-related field; strong sales growth at Hitachi Metals, Ltd., principally in the automotive-related field; and higher sales at Hitachi Cable, Ltd., mainly of wire and cables.

Operating income climbed 17%, to 36.1 billion yen due to strong growth in earnings at Hitachi Metals and Hitachi Cable, which more than offset lower earnings at Hitachi Chemical.

[Logistics, Services & Others]

	Thre	e months ended Dec	cember 31, 2006
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars
Revenues	329.4	4%	2,768
Operating income	3.2	191%	28

Segment revenues rose 4%, to 329.4 billion yen on firm sales at Hitachi Transport System, Ltd.

The segment posted operating income of 3.2 billion yen, up 191% year on year, the result of higher earnings at Hitachi Transport System and other factors.

[Financial Services]

	Three months ended December 31, 2006			
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of	
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars	
Revenues	130.4	3%	1,097	
Operating income	6.2	(35%)	53	

Segment revenues rose 3%, to 130.4 billion yen.

Segment operating income declined 35%, to 6.2 billion yen.

(3) Revenues by Market

Three months ended December 31, 2006

	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars
Japan	1,420.6	8%	11,938
Overseas	1,067.7	13%	8,973
Asia	478.7	17%	4,023
North America	278.1	9%	2,337
Europe	219.8	11%	1,847
Other Areas	91.0	6%	765

Revenues in Japan increased 8%, to 1,420.6 billion yen.

Overseas revenues rose 13%, to 1,067.7 billion yen on growth in HDDs, electronics-and automotive-related components and materials, higher sales at Hitachi Construction Machinery and in other areas.

As a result, the ratio of overseas revenues to consolidated revenues rose by 1 percentage point year on year to 43%.

(4) Financial Position

As of December <u>31, 2006</u>

			,
	Billions of	Change from	Millions of
	yen	September 30, 2006	U.S. dollars
Total assets	10,753.8	476.3	90,368
Total liabilities	7,249.8	437.7	60,923
Interest-bearing debt	2,998.6	395.4	25,199
Minority interests	1,079.7	15.2	9,073
Stockholders' equity	2,424.3	23.3	20,372
Stockholders' equity ratio	22.5%	0.9 point deterioration	-
D/E ratio (including minority interests)	0.86 times	0.11 point deterioration	-

Total assets at December 31, 2006 were 10,753.8 billion yen, 476.3 billion yen more than at September 30, 2006 due to business restructuring, higher inventories and other factors. Interest-bearing debt increased 395.4 billion yen over the same period to 2,998.6 billion yen. Stockholders' equity rose 23.3 billion yen, to 2,424.3 billion yen. As a result, the stockholders' equity ratio fell 0.9 of a percentage point to 22.5%. The debt to equity ratio (including minority interests) was 0.86 times, which was mainly due to an increase in interest-bearing debt related to business restructuring expenditures such as outlays to acquire shares of Clarion and NEOMAX Co., Ltd. The Company plans to maintain the debt to equity ratio (including minority interests) of 0.8 or below through the end of March, 2007, by measures that include making

further use of the global pooling of group funds, accelerating the collection of accounts receivable and reducing inventories.

(5) Cash Flows

	Three months ended December 31, 2006			
	Billions of Year-over-year Millions of			
	yen change U.S. dollars			
Cash flows from operating activities	(50.1)	(45.6)	(422)	
Cash flows from investing activities	(297.2)	(162.1)	(2,498)	
Free cash flows	(347.3)	(207.7)	(2,919)	
Cash flows from financing activities	293.3	249.7	2,465	

Operating activities used net cash of 50.1 billion yen, 45.6 billion yen more than the same period a year ago.

Investing activities used net cash of 297.2 billion yen, 162.1 billion yen more than the same period a year ago, an increase due mainly to the purchase of shares of Clarion and NEOMAX.

Free cash flows, the sum of cash flows from operating and investing activities, were an outflow of 347.3 billion yen, 207.7 billion yen more year on year.

Financing activities provided net cash of 293.3 billion yen, 249.7 billion yen more than in the same period a year ago, mainly due to higher borrowings.

2. Business Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2006

(1) Summary, Revenues and Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

Summary

	Nine months ended December 31, 2006		
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars
Revenues	7,259.2	9%	61,002
Operating income	81.4	(30%)	684
Income before income taxes and minority interests	88.4	(38%)	743
Income (loss) before minority interests	(8.4)	-	(71)
Net income (loss)	(76.8)	-	(646)

Revenues by Segment

	Nine months ended December 31, 200		
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars
Revenues	7,259.2	9%	61,002
Information & Telecommunication Systems	1,730.5	10%	14,542
Electronic Devices	951.8	8%	7,999
Power & Industrial Systems	1,957.7	4%	16,452
Digital Media & Consumer Products	1,130.4	16%	9,500
High Functional Materials & Components	1,338.8	14%	11,251
Logistics, Services & Others	940.3	6%	7,902
Financial Services	394.1	2%	3,312
Subtotal	8,443.9	9%	70,958
Eliminations & Corporate Items	(1,184.7)	-	(9,956)

Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

	Nine months ended December 31, 200			
	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of	
	yen	% change	U.S. dollars	
Operating Income (Loss)	81.4	(30%)	684	
Information & Telecommunication Systems	20.3	(14%)	171	
Electronic Devices	39.4	151%	331	
Power & Industrial Systems	(17.6)	-	(148)	
Digital Media & Consumer Products	(53.5)	-	(450)	
High Functional Materials & Components	99.9	27%	840	
Logistics, Services & Others	11.2	40%	95	
Financial Services	22.0	(14%)	185	
Subtotal	121.9	(27%)	1,025	
Eliminations & Corporate Items	(40.5)	-	(341)	

The world economy in the nine months to December 31, 2006, a period including the third quarter of fiscal 2006, experienced generally firm growth due to solid economic expansion in the U.S. and Europe as well as strong growth in Asia, particularly in China, despite concerns such as the high price of raw materials.

The Japanese economy saw healthy growth due to factors such as higher plant and equipment investment and consumer spending.

In these circumstances, Hitachi's consolidated revenues for the nine months to December 31, 2006 increased 9%, to 7,259.2 billion yen. The Information & Telecommunication Systems segment posted higher revenues on the back of growth in sales of storage products, as did the Digital Media & Consumer Products segment due

to growth in flat-panel TVs and other areas, and the High Functional Materials & Components segment, mainly due to strong growth in sales of electronics- and automotive-related components and materials.

Operating income, however, declined 30% year on year, to 81.4 billion yen due to operating losses in the Power & Industrial Systems and Digital Media & Consumer Products segments, despite growth in the Electronic Devices, High Functional Materials & Components and other segments.

Other income was 52.4 billion yen, down 8% on the same period a year ago, the result of lower earnings from net gain on securities and other factors. Other deductions increased 42%, to 45.4 billion yen.

As a result, Hitachi recorded income before income taxes and minority interests of 88.4 billion yen, down 38% year on year. After income taxes of 96.8 billion yen, Hitachi posted a loss before minority interests of 8.4 billion yen. Hitachi also recorded a net loss of 76.8 billion yen, 71.3 billion yen more year on year.

(2) Revenues by Market

Nine months ended December 31, 2006 Billions of Millions of Year-over-year % change U.S. dollars yen Japan 4,240.9 5% 35,638 3.018.3 15% 25,364 Overseas Asia 1.369.9 21% 11,512 792.3 North America 11% 6,659 600.2 Europe 12% 5,044 255.7 2,149 Other Areas 8%

Revenues in Japan rose 5% year on year, to 4,240.9 billion yen.

Overseas revenues climbed 15%, to 3,018.3 billion yen, the result of higher sales of HDDs, electronic-related components and materials and other products, particularly in the Chinese market, and year-on-year growth at Hitachi Construction Machinery, particularly in the North American and European markets.

As a result, the ratio of overseas revenues to consolidated revenues rose by 3 percentage points year on year to 42%.

(3) Cash Flows

Nine months ended December 31, 2006

	Billions of	Year-over-year	Millions of
	yen	change	U.S. dollars
Cash flows from operating activities	127.3	(89.2)	1,070
Cash flows from investing activities	(604.9)	(214.3)	(5,083)
Free cash flows	(477.5)	(303.5)	(4,013)
Cash flows from financing activities	415.4	409.5	3,491

Operating activities provided net cash of 127.3 billion yen, 89.2 billion yen less than in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Investing activities used net cash of 604.9 billion yen, 214.3 billion yen more than a year earlier, mainly due to the purchase of subsidiary shares.

Free cash flows, the sum of cash flows from operating and investing activities, were an outflow of 477.5 billion yen, 303.5 billion yen more than the same period a year ago.

Financing activities provided net cash of 415.4 billion yen, 409.5 billion yen more than a year earlier, mainly due to higher borrowings.

Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2006 amounted to 604.4 billion yen, a decrease of 53.8 billion yen during the nine-month period, which includes the third quarter.

3. Consolidated business forecast for Fiscal 2006

Fiscal 2006 ending March 31, 2007

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	Billions of	Year-over-year		
	yen	% change		
Revenues	9,740.0	3%		
Operating income	180.0	(30%)		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	160.0	(42%)		
Income before minority interests	25.0	(79%)		
Net income (loss)	(55.0)	-		

In terms of the outlook for the global economy, the Hitachi expects the U.S. economy to experience firm growth, supported by consumer spending and capital investment, despite slowing housing investment. Regarding Asian economies, China is expected to continue expanding strongly, while European economies are forecast to maintain their moderate growth. Overall, therefore, the global economy is expected to remain healthy.

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The forecast for the Japanese economy is for firm expansion, underpinned by consumer spending, although the pace of economic growth is set to slow due to such factors as a downturn in exports, particularly to the U.S., and slowing capital investment

Under these circumstances, Hitachi is forecasting the results shown above for fiscal 2006, the same as projections announced with interim results on October 31, 2006.

Hitachi will continue to make aggressive investments in targeted businesses while constantly executing business structural reforms to become more competitive.

In particular, Hitachi will push forward with ongoing initiatives to rapidly turnaround performance at the HDD and flat-panel TV businesses. And Hitachi will actively advance measures to strengthen targeted businesses such as the CIS business. Specifically, Xanavi Informatics Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Hitachi, became a wholly owned subsidiary of Clarion in January 2007, while Clarion itself became a subsidiary of Hitachi in December 2006.

Regarding the nuclear power business, ongoing efforts are being made to resume operations at certain nuclear power plants affected by turbine damage after pinpointing the cause of this damage.

Projections assume an exchange rate of 117 yen to the U.S. dollar and 150 yen to the Euro for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2006.

Cautionary Statement

Certain statements found in this document may constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such "forward-looking statements" reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and financial performance and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "plan," "project" and similar expressions which indicate future events and trends may identify "forward-looking statements." Such statements are based on currently available information and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in the "forward-looking statements" and from historical trends. Certain "forward-looking statements" are based upon current assumptions of future events which may not prove to be accurate. Undue reliance should not be placed on "forward-looking statements," as such statements speak only as of the date of this document.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in any "forward-looking statement" and from historical trends include, but are not limited to:

- fluctuations in product demand and industry capacity, particularly in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment, Electronic Devices segment and Digital Media & Consumer Products segment;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to continue to develop and market products that incorporate new technology on a timely and cost-effective basis and to achieve market acceptance for such products;
- rapid technological change, particularly in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment, Electronic Devices segment and Digital Media & Consumer Products segment;
- increasing commoditization of information technology products, and intensifying price competition in the market for such products, particularly in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment, Electronic Devices segment and Digital Media & Consumer Products segment;
- fluctuations in rates of exchange for the yen and other currencies in which Hitachi makes significant sales or in which Hitachi's assets and liabilities are denominated, particularly between the yen and the U.S. dollar;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to implement measures to reduce the potential negative impact of fluctuations in product demand and/or exchange rates;
- general socio-economic and political conditions and the regulatory and trade environment of Hitachi's major markets, particularly, the United States, Japan and elsewhere in Asia, including, without limitation, a return to stagnation or deterioration of the Japanese economy, or direct or indirect restriction by other nations on imports;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's access to, or ability to protect, certain intellectual property rights, particularly those related to electronics and data processing technologies;
- uncertainty as to the results of litigation and legal proceedings of which the Company, its subsidiaries or its equity method affiliates have become or may become parties;
- possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of Hitachi:
- uncertainty as to the success of restructuring efforts to improve management efficiency and to strengthen competitiveness;
- uncertainty as to the success of alliances upon which Hitachi depends, some of which Hitachi may not control, with other corporations in the design and development of certain key products;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to access, or access on favorable terms, liquidity or long-term financing; and
- uncertainty as to general market price levels for equity securities in Japan, declines in which may require Hitachi to write down equity securities it holds.

The factors listed above are not all-inclusive and are in addition to other factors contained in Hitachi's periodic filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and in other materials published by Hitachi.

Hitachi, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Third Quarter ended December 31, 2006

The consolidated financial statements presented herein are expressed in yen and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated into United States dollars at the rate of 119 yen = U.S.\$1, the approximate exchange rate prevailing on the Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market as of December 29, 2006.

Summary

In millions of yen and U.S. dollars, except Net income (loss) per share (6) and Net income (loss) per American Depositary Share (7).

	Three m	onths ended	Decer	nber 31	Nine mo	December 31		
	Y	en	(A)/(B)	U.S. \$	Y	en	(C)/(D)	U.S. \$
	(mil	lions)	X100	(millions)	(mil	lions)	X100	(millions)
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(%)	2006	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(%)	2006
1. Revenues	2,488,345	2,258,819	110	20,910	7,259,249	6,672,138	109	61,002
2. Operating income	61,555	39,138	157	517	81,412	116,892	70	684
3. Income before income taxes and minority interests	62,610	59,652	105	526	88,423	141,769	62	743
4. Income (loss) before minority interests	26,309	24,201	109	221	(8,405)	45,373	-	(71)
5. Net income (loss)	1,259	5,493	23	11	(76,827)	(5,453)	-	(646)
6. Net income (loss) per share								
Basic	0.38	1.65	23	0.00	(23.05)	(1.64)	-	(0.19)
Diluted	0.37	1.64	23	0.00	(23.07)	(1.65)	-	(0.19)
7. Net income (loss) per ADS								
(representing 10 shares)								
Basic	4	16	25	0.03	(230)	(16)	-	(1.93)
Diluted	4	16	25	0.03	(231)	(16)	-	(1.94)

Notes: 1. The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared based on U.S. GAAPs.

^{2.} Segment Information and operating income (loss) are presented in accordance with financial reporting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan.

^{3.} The figures are for 945 consolidated subsidiaries, including Variable Interest Entities, and 165 equity-method affiliates.

^{4.} Consolidated quarterly figures are unaudited.

Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Г	hree months ended De	ecember 3	1
		en	(A)/(B)	U.S. Dollars
	(mil	lions)	X100	(millions)
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(%)	2006
Revenues	2,488,345	2,258,819	110	20,910
Cost of sales	1,953,534	1,754,851	111	16,416
Selling, general and administrative expenses	473,256	464,830	102	3,977
Operating income	61,555	39,138	157	517
Other income	14,306	29,890	48	120
(Interest and dividends)	8,742	5,670	154	73
(Other)	5,564	24,220	23	47
Other deductions	13,251	9,376	141	111
(Interest charges)	10,331	8,667	119	87
(Other)	2,920	709	412	25
Income before income taxes and minority interests	62,610	59,652	105	526
Income taxes	36,301	35,451	102	305
Income before minority interests	26,309	24,201	109	221
Minority interests	25,050	18,708	134	211
Net income	1,259	5,493	23	11

Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	N	line months ended De	cember 3	1
	Yen			U.S. Dollars
	(mil	ions)	X100	(millions)
	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(%)	2006
Revenues	7,259,249	6,672,138	109	61,002
Cost of sales	5,752,579	5,194,754	111	48,341
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,425,258	1,360,492	105	11,977
Operating income	81,412	116,892	70	684
Other income	52,496	56,822	92	441
(Interest and dividends)	22,991	17,059	135	193
(Other)	29,505	39,763	74	248
Other deductions	45,485	31,945	142	382
(Interest charges)	27,569	24,340	113	232
(Other)	17,916	7,605	236	151
Income before income taxes and minority interests	88,423	141,769	62	743
Income taxes	96,828	96,396	100	814
Income (loss) before minority interests	(8,405)	45,373	-	(71)
Minority interests	68,422	50,826	135	575
Net income (loss)	(76,827)	(5,453)	-	(646)

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

		Yen (million	ns)	Yen (millions)				
	As of Dec. 31,	As of Sep. 30,	(A) (B)	As of Mar. 31,	As of Dec. 31,			
	2006 (A)	2006 (B)	(A)-(B)	2006	2006			
Assets	10,753,833	10,277,461	476,372	10,021,195	90,368			
Current assets	6,029,183	5,755,508	273,675	5,512,805	50,665			
Cash and cash equivalents	604,409	651,221	(46,812)	658,255	5,079			
Short-term investments	170,754	158,617	12,137	162,756	1,435			
Trade receivables (Notes and Accounts)	2,327,077	2,349,172	(22,095)	2,430,681	19,555			
Investments in leases	526,527	483,450	43,077	451,757	4,425			
Inventories	1,726,431	1,516,549	209,882	1,262,308	14,508			
Other current assets	673,985	596,499	77,486	547,048	5,664			
Investments and advances	1,034,706	1,003,560	31,146	1,029,673	8,695			
Property, plant and equipment	2,605,491	2,522,959	82,532	2,460,186	21,895			
Other assets	1,084,453	995,434	89,019	1,018,531	9,113			
Liabilities, Minority interests and								
Stockholders' equity	10,753,833	10,277,461	476,372	10,021,195	90,368			
Current liabilities	4,754,449	4,401,403	353,046	4,121,451	39,953			
Short-term debt and current portion								
of long-term debt	1,444,544	1,107,877	336,667	1,000,555	12,139			
Trade payables (Notes and Accounts)	1,558,443	1,549,975	8,468	1,484,966	13,096			
Other current liabilities	1,751,462	1,743,551	7,911	1,635,930	14,718			
Noncurrent liabilities	2,495,357	2,410,621	84,736	2,355,164	20,969			
Long-term debt	1,554,084	1,495,314	58,770	1,418,489	13,060			
Other liabilities	941,273	915,307	25,966	936,675	7,910			
Minority interests	1,079,714	1,064,452	15,262	1,036,807	9,073			
Stockholders' equity	2,424,313	2,400,985	23,328	2,507,773	20,372			
Common stock	282,033	282,033	0	282,033	2,370			
Capital surplus	565,139	564,801	338	561,484	4,749			
Legal reserve and retained earnings	1,670,877	1,679,947	(9,070)	1,778,203	14,041			
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(74,447)	(106,700)	32,253	(95,997)	(626)			
(Foreign currency translation adjustments)	(26,425)	(42,516)	16,091	(43,426)	(222)			
(Minimum pension liability adjustments)	(145,786)	(145,796)	10	(145,903)	(1,225)			
(Net unrealized holding gain on								
available-for-sale securities)	97,247	81,378	15,869	92,626	817			
(Cash flow hedges)	517	234	283	706	4			
Treasury stock	(19,289)	(19,096)	(193)	(17,950)	(162)			

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Three months ended December 31			
	Ye	en	U.S. Dollars	
	(mill	ions)	(millions)	
	2006	2005	2006	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	1,259	5,493	11	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities				
Depreciation	122,824	115,118	1,032	
Increase in receivables and inventories	(61,975)	(188,317)	(521	
Increase (decrease) in payables	(68,676)	49,360	(577	
Other	(43,592)	13,793	(366	
Net cash used in operating activities	(50,160)	(4,553)	(422	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Increase in short-term investments	(11,613)	(3,787)	(98	
Purchase of rental assets and other properties, net	(202,653)	(192,649)	(1,703	
Sale of investments				
and subsidiaries' common stock, net	(110,700)	(30,573)	(930	
Collection of investments in leases	56,578	106,079	475	
Other	(28,847)	(14,138)	(242	
Net cash used in investing activities	(297,235)	(135,068)	(2,498	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Increase in interest-bearing debt	313,980	68,209	2,638	
Dividends paid to stockholders	(9,351)	(17,114)	(79	
Dividends paid to minority stockholders of subsidiaries	(8,657)	(7,331)	(73	
Other	(2,588)	(128)	(22	
Net cash provided by financing activities	293,384	43,636	2,465	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	7,199	7,361	60	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(46,812)	(88,624)	(393	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	651,221	646,085	5,472	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	604,409	557,461	5,079	

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended December 31			
	Ye		U.S. Dollars	
	(milli	ons)	(millions)	
	2006	2005	2006	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income (loss)	(76,827)	(5,453)	(646)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation	350,902	333,717	2,949	
Increase in receivables and inventories	(157,271)	(202,463)	(1,322)	
Decrease in payables	(6,969)	(8,152)	(59)	
Other	17,509	98,903	147	
Net cash provided by operating activities	127,344	216,552	1,070	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Increase in short-term investments	(4,251)	(29,073)	(36)	
Purchase of rental assets and other properties, net	(631,600)	(567,635)	(5,308)	
Sale of investments				
and subsidiaries' common stock, net	(101,955)	19,815	(857)	
Collection of investments in leases	216,190	305,310	1,817	
Other	(83,306)	(118,977)	(700)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(604,922)	(390,560)	(5,083)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Increase in interest-bearing debt	471,762	61,993	3,964	
Dividends paid to stockholders	(27,603)	(35,361)	(232)	
Dividends paid to minority stockholders of subsidiaries	(19,008)	(16,415)	(160)	
Other	(9,718)	(4,322)	(82)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	415,433	5,895	3,491	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	8,299	16,859	70	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(53,846)	(151,254)	(452)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	658,255	708,715	5,532	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	604,409	557,461	5,079	

Segment Information (Unaudited)

Industry Seg		Three	e months ended D	ecember 3	1
	<u> </u>	Yen		(A)/(B)	U.S. Dollars
		(million	ns)	X100	(millions)
		2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(%)	2006
	Information & Telecommunication	582,700	511,385	114	4,89
	Systems	20%	19%	114	4,09
	Electronic Devices	305,914	296,617	103	2,57
	Electronic Devices	11%	11%	103	2,37
	Power & Industrial Systems	676,944	605,790	112	5,68
	·	24%	23%	112	5,00
	Digital Media & Consumer	371,731	362,391	103	3,12
	Products	13%	14%	103	3,12
Revenues	High Functional Materials	468,564	414,299	113	3,93
revenues	& Components	16%	16%	113	3,73
	Logistics, Services & Others	329,412	317,140	104	2,76
	Logistics, services & others	11%	12%	101	2,70
	Financial Services	130,494	126,897	103	1,09
	1 manetar Services	5%	5%	103	1,00
	Subtotal	2,865,759	2,634,519	109	24,08
	Subtotal	100%	100%	10)	24,00
	Eliminations & Corporate items	(377,414)	(375,700)		(3,17
7	Γotal	2,488,345	2,258,819	110	20,91
	Information & Telecommunication	6,489	549		5
	Systems	9%	1%		3
	Electronic Devices	15,356	6,513	236	12
	Electronic Devices	20%	12%	230	12
	Downer & Industrial Systems	27,702	12,961	214	23
	Power & Industrial Systems	36%	23%	214	23
	Digital Media & Consumer	(19,075)	(5,810)		(16
	Products	(25%)	(10%)		(10
Operating	High Functional Materials	36,108	30,914	117	30
income (loss)	& Components	48%	55%	117	3(
	Logistics, Services & Others	3,289	1,129	291	2
	Logistics, Services & Others	4%	2%	291	2
	Financial Services	6,282	9,668	65	
	1 manetar Services	8%	17%	0.5	5
	Subtotal	76,151	55,924	136	64
	Subiotal	100%	100%	130	
	Eliminations & Corporate items	(14,596)	(16,786)		(12
7	Γotal	61,555	39,138	157	51

Note: Revenues by industry segment include intersegment transactions.

Segment Information (Unaudited)

Industry Segments

Nine months ended December 31 Yen (C)/(D) Ven (millions) X100 2006 (C) 2005 (D) (%) (%)	U.S. Dollars (millions) 2006 14,542 7,999 16,452
Mathematical Systems Components Compon	(millions) 2006 14,542 7,999
Information & Telecommunication 1,730,515 20% 20% 210	2006 14,542 7,999
Information & Telecommunication 1,730,515 1,568,583 21% 20% 20% 110	7,999
Electronic Devices	7,999
Electronic Devices	
Power & Industrial Systems	
Power & Industrial Systems 23% 24% 104	16,452
Digital Media & Consumer 1,130,490 974,228 116	16,432
Products 13% 13% 116 High Functional Materials & Components 1,338,847 1,174,740 114 Logistics, Services & Others 940,396 887,688 106 Financial Services 394,152 387,793 102 Subtotal 8,443,995 7,757,500 109 Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	
Products	0.500
Revenues & Components 16% 15% 114 Logistics, Services & Others 940,396 887,688 106 Financial Services 394,152 387,793 102 Subtotal 8,443,995 7,757,500 109 Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	9,500
& Components 16% 15% Logistics, Services & Others 940,396 887,688 11% 12% 106 Financial Services 394,152 387,793 102 5% 5% 5% 102 Subtotal 8,443,995 7,757,500 109 Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	11.051
Logistics, Services & Others 940,396 11% 12% 12% 106 Financial Services 394,152 387,793 5% 5% 5% 102 Subtotal 8,443,995 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	11,251
Logistics, Services & Others 11% 12% 106 Financial Services 394,152 387,793 102 5% 5% 5% 102 Subtotal 8,443,995 7,757,500 109 Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	7 002
Subtotal Services 5% 5% 102	7,902
Subtotal Services 5% 5% 102	
Subtotal 8,443,995 100% 7,757,500 100% 109 Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	3,312
Subtotal 100% 100% 100% Eliminations & Corporate items (1,184,746) (1,085,362)	
	70,958
Total 7.250.240 6.672.138 100	(9,956)
10(a)	61,002
Information & Telecommunication 20,362 23,797	
Systems 17% 14% 86	171
39 444 15 743	
Electronic Devices 32% 251	331
(17.632) 36.177	
Power & Industrial Systems (14%) 22%	(148)
Digital Media & Consumer (53,543) (22,041)	
Products (44%) (13%)	(450)
Operating High Functional Materials 99 994 78 967	
income (loss) & Components 82% 48%	840
11 275 8 027	
Logistics, Services & Others 9% 5,027 140	95
22 040 25 687	
Financial Services 18% 25,007 86	185
121 940 166 357	
Subtotal 100% 73	
Eliminations & Corporate items (40,528) (49,465)	1,025
Total 81,412 116,892 70	(341)

Note: Revenues by industry segment include intersegment transactions.

Segment Information (Unaudited)

Revenues by Market

Three months ended December 31						
	Th	ree months ended D				
	Y	en	(A)/(B)	U.S. Dollars		
	(mill	ions)	X100	(millions)		
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(%)	2006		
Japan	1,420,615	1,311,451	108	11,938		
Japan	57%	58%	100	11,936		
Asia	478,731	408,283	117	4,023		
Asia	19%	18%	117	4,023		
North America	278,132	255,555	109	2,337		
North America	11%	11%	107	2,337		
Europe	219,845	197,294	111	1,847		
Lurope	9%	9%	111	1,047		
Other Areas	91,022	86,236	106	765		
Other Areas	4%	4%	100	703		
Outside Japan	1,067,730	947,368	113	8,973		
Outside Japan	43%	42%	113	0,973		
Total	2,488,345	2,258,819	110	20,910		
Total	100%	100%	110	20,910		

Revenues by Market

Revenues by Mark	CL					
		Ni	ne months ended Do	ecember 3	1	
	_	Ye	en	(C)/(D)	U.S. Dollars	
		(mill	ions)	X100	(millions)	
		2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(%)	2006	
Japan		4,240,919	4,052,738	105	35,638	
Japan		58%	61%	103	33,038	
Asia		1,369,982	1,134,945	121	11,512	
Asia		19%	17%	121	11,512	
North	North America	792,396	710,793	111	6,659	
TVOILIT		11%	11%	111	0,037	
Europe		600,207	537,458	112	5,044	
Europe	,	8%	8%	112	3,044	
Other A	∆ reas	255,745	236,204	108	2,149	
Other 7	ancas	4%	3%	100	2,147	
Outside .	Ianan	3,018,330	2,619,400	115	25,364	
Outside .	тарап	42%	39%	113	23,304	
Total		7,259,249	6,672,138	109	61,002	
Total	Total		100%	109	61,002	

Supplementary Information for the Third Quarter ended December 31, 2006 (Consolidated Basis)

1.Summary (Billions of yen)

	Three months ended December 31			Nine mor	ths ended Dec	ember 31
	2005	20	2006		20	06
			(B)/(A)			(D)/(C)
	(A)	(B)	X100(%)	(C)	(D)	X100(%)
Average exchange rate (Yen / U.S.\$)	118	118	-	113	116	-
Capital investment (Completion basis)	236.1	239.2	101	695.3	741.9	107
Internal use assets	96.8	110.3	114	275.6	348.7	127
Leasing assets	139.3	128.8	93	419.7	393.2	94
Depreciation	115.1	122.8	107	333.7	350.9	105
Internal use assets	84.6	92.5	109	243.8	256.5	105
Leasing assets	30.4	30.2	99	89.8	94.3	105
R&D expenditure	96.1	101.7	106	294.1	303.5	103
Percentage of revenues	4.3	4.1	-	4.4	4.2	-

	As of March 31, 2006	As of September 30, 2006	As of December 31, 2006
Stockholders' equity per share (Yen)	752.91	720.42	727.47
Cash & cash equivalents, Short-term investments (Billions of yen)	821.0	809.8	775.1
Interest-bearing debt (Billions of yen)	2,419.0	2,603.1	2,998.6
Number of employees	355,879	368,820	385,072
Japan	242,659	247,126	252,220
Overseas	113,220	121,694	132,852
Number of consolidated subsidiaries (Including Variable Interest Entities)	932	885	945
Japan	476	428	453
Overseas	456	457	492

2.Overseas revenues by industry segment

(Billions of yen)

	Three months ended December 31			Nine mor	ths ended Dec	ember 31
	2005	20	2006		20	06
			(B)/(A)			(D)/(C)
	(A)	(B)	X100(%)	(C)	(D)	X100(%)
Information & Telecommunication	202.7	252.9	125	545.3	663.0	122
Systems	202.7	232.9	123	343.3	003.0	122
Electronic Devices	112.2	113.2	101	327.2	349.5	107
Power & Industrial Systems	215.9	275.3	128	633.0	766.9	121
Digital Media & Consumer Products	154.3	135.4	88	413.9	429.8	104
High Functional Materials	126.4	155 1	114	277.2	440.0	110
& Components	136.4	155.1	114	377.3	448.0	119
Logistics, Services & Others	113.8	121.7	107	288.0	322.0	112
Financial Services	11.8	13.8	117	34.4	38.8	113
Total	947.3	1,067.7	113	2,619.4	3,018.3	115

Supplementary Information on Information & Telecommunication Systems, Displays and Digital Media

Note: *1. Segment information and operating income are presented in accordance with financial reporting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan.

1. Information & Telecommunication Systems *2

(1) Revenues and Operating Income *3

(Billions of yen)

(1) nevenues and operating meanit	Three mon	ths ended De	ecember 31	Nine mont	hs ended De	cember 31
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(A) / (B) X100 (%)	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(C) / (D) X100 (%)
Revenues	582.7	511.3	114%	1,730.5	1,568.5	110%
Software & Services	244.7	207.9	118%	781.6	680.8	115%
Software	40.3	37.9	106%	118.7	111.6	106%
Services	204.4	170.0	120%	662.9	569.2	116%
Hardware	338.0	303.4	111%	948.9	887.6	107%
Storage *4	209.2	177.6	118%	560.4	489.0	115%
Servers *5	19.4	18.9	103%	66.7	58.1	115%
PCs *6	12.8	21.7	59%	49.8	73.0	68%
Telecommunication	31.2	25.5	122%	92.7	96.7	96%
Others	65.4	59.7	110%	179.3	170.8	105%
Operating income	6.4	0.5	-	20.3	23.7	86%

- Notes: *2. The Hard Disk Drive operations are conducted by Hitachi Global Storage Technologies (Hitachi GST), which has a December 31 fiscal year-end, different from Hitachi's March 31 year-end. Hitachi's results for the three months ended December 31, 2006 include the operating results of Hitachi GST for the three months ended September 30, 2006.
 - *3. Figures for each product exclude intra-segment transactions.
 - *4. Figures for Storage include disk array subsystems, hard disk drives, etc.
 - *5. Figures for Servers include general-purpose computers, UNIX servers, etc.
 - *6. Figures for PCs include PC servers, client PCs (only commercial use from FY2006), etc.

(2) SAN/NAS Storage Solutions

(Billions of yen)

	Three mon	ths ended De	ecember 31	Nine months ended December 31		
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(A) / (B) X100 (%)	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(C) / (D) X100 (%)
Revenues	93.0	89.0	104%	255.0	231.0	110%

(3) Hard Disk Drives *7 *8

Period re	ecorded for	Three mon	ths ended De	ecember 31	Nine mon	Nine months ended December 31		
consolidated ac	consolidated accounting purposes		2005 (B)	(A) / (B)	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(C) / (D)	
Shipment Period		Jul.2006 to	Jul.2005 to	X100 (%)	Jan.2006 to	Jan.2005 to	X100 (%)	
Simplifient Teriou		Sep.2006	Sep.2005	71100 (70)	Sep.2006	Sep.2005	71100 (70)	
	Yen (billions of yen)	155.0	122.4	127%	407.3	345.6	118%	
Revenues	U.S. dollar (millions of dollar)	1,328	1,090	122%	3,511	3,180	110%	
	Yen (billions of yen)	(14.4)	(7.4)	ı	(32.8)	(31.8)	-	
Operating loss	U.S. dollar (millions of dollar)	(124)	(66)	-	(282)	(295)	-	
Shipments (thousa	nd units) *9	19,900	14,300	139%	49,500	41,600	119%	
Consumer and	1.8/2.5inch *10	11,100	6,700	166%	27,200	19,500	140%	
Commercial	3.5inch *11	7,200	4,800	151%	18,000	13,400	135%	
Servers *12		1,100	1,000	110%	3,000	2,300	126%	
Emerging *13	_	450	1,840	24%	1,260	6,410	20%	

		Three mo	onths ended I	March 31	Twelve n	nonths ended	March 31
Period re	ecorded for	2006 (A)	2005 (B)		2006 (C)	2005 (D)	
consolidated ac	counting purposes	(Jan.2007 to	(Jan.2006 to	(A) / (B)	(Apr.2006 to	(Apr.2005 to	(C) / (D)
		Mar.2007)	Mar.2006)	X100 (%)	Mar.2007)	Mar.2006)	X100 (%)
Shipment Period		Oct.2006 to	Oct.2005 to	X100 (70)	Jan.2006 to	Jan.2005 to	X100 (70)
Simplifient Terrod		Dec.2006	Dec.2005		Dec.2006	Dec.2005	
	Yen (billions of yen)	160.8	150.8	107%	568.1	496.5	114%
Revenues	U.S. dollar (millions of dollar)	1,365	1,285	106%	4,877	4,465	109%
0	Yen (billions of yen)	(11.0)	4.8	-	(43.7)	(27.0)	-
Operating income (loss)	U.S. dollar (millions of dollar)	(93)	43	1	(375)	(251)	-
Shipments (thousand	nd units) *9	20,500	16,800	122%	70,000	58,400	120%
Consumer and	1.8/2.5inch *10	10,400	8,800	119%	37,700	28,300	133%
Commercial	3.5inch *11	8,600	6,100	141%	26,600	19,500	137%
Servers *12	·	1,200	1,000	112%	4,100	3,400	122%
Emerging *13	·	340	880	39%	1,600	7,290	22%

Notes: *7. Figures include intra-segment transactions.

^{*8.} Hitachi GST's operating currency is U.S. dollar. Yen figures include yen / dollar conversion fluctuation.

^{*9.} Shipment less than 100,000 units have been rounded, with the exception of Emerging, where shipment less than 10,000 units have been rounded.

^{*10.} Consumer electronics applications (1.8inch), note-PCs (2.5inch), etc.

^{*11.} Desktop-PCs, consumer electronics applications (3.5inch), etc.

^{*12.} Disk array subsystems, servers (3.5inch), etc.

^{*13.} Hand held devices (1inch), automotive (2.5inch), etc.

2. Displays

(1) Revenues and Operating Income (Loss)

(Billions of yen)

	Three mon	Three months ended December 31			Nine months ended December 31		
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(A) / (B) X100 (%)	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(C) / (D) X100 (%)	
Revenues	47.1	49.7	95%	148.2	143.9	103%	
Operating income (loss)	0.6	(3.2)	-	(3.7)	(16.0)	-	

(2) LCD Revenues

(Billions of yen)

		Three mon	ths ended De	ecember 31	Nine months ended December 31		
		2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(A) / (B) X100 (%)	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(C) / (D) X100 (%)
R	Revenues	44.0	43.5	101%	130.0	124.0	105%
	Large-size LCDs		13.5	-		41.5	-
	Small and medium-size LCDs		30.0	-		82.5	-

3. Digital Media

Shipments of Main Products *14

(Thousand units)

	Three months ended December 31			Nine months ended December 31		
	2006 (A)	2005 (B)	(A) / (B) X100 (%)	2006 (C)	2005 (D)	(C) / (D) X100 (%)
Optical Disk Drives *15	18,000	19,500	92%	54,000	55,500	97%
Plasma TVs *16	250	170	147%	570	350	163%
LCD TVs	180	100	180%	380	190	200%

Notes: *14. Shipment less than 10,000 units have been rounded, with the exception of Optical Disk Drives, where shipment less than 100,000 units have been rounded.

- *15. The Optical Disk Drive operations are conducted by Hitachi-LG Data Storage, Inc. (HLDS), which has a December 31 fiscal year-end, different from Hitachi's March 31 year-end. Hitachi's results for the three months ended December 31, 2006 include the operating results of HLDS for the three months ended September 30, 2006.
- *16. The sum of plasma TV and plasma monitor shipments.