Hitachi to Merge Subsidiary to Strengthen Networking Business

Tokyo, April 27, 2009 --- Hitachi, Ltd. (NYSE:HIT / TSE:6501) today announced that it has decided to merge wholly-owned subsidiary Hitachi Communication Technologies, Ltd. on July 1, 2009.

This merger is geared toward strengthening Hitachi's value proposition, technological and system integration capabilities relating to Next Generation Networks (NGNs). Hitachi has positioned this area as a key focus of its Social Innovation Business and believes future growth can be realized by bringing together the related businesses of both companies. Hitachi provides solutions and services, including IP networks and video distribution systems for communications carriers, while Hitachi Communication Technologies excels in highly reliable, high-speed and large-capacity processing technologies, namely telephone exchange equipment, mobile phone base stations and other mobile products, and optical networking products. Leveraging the expertise in building large-scale systems for social infrastructure that Hitachi has gained in power systems, transportation systems and other areas will allow the company to comprehensively provide solutions, services and products that are safe, secure, highly reliable and unmatched.

1. Objective of the Merger

Hitachi established Hitachi Communication Technologies in October 2002 by carving out its Telecommunication Systems Division and integrating with Hitachi Telecom Technologies, Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary, which has developed and manufactured communications equipment such as PBX- and IP-related products for corporate customers. The primary goals behind the integration of operations were consolidating and fusing communications technology resources to bolster development capabilities, speed up operations and improve management efficiency. Since then, Hitachi Communication Technologies has concentrated on developing new products and building new businesses mainly in the mobile, broadband and IP telephony fields. These efforts have been conducted under a stable and efficient management structure that has put greater priority on some businesses, such as focusing on these aforementioned fields. Through this approach, Hitachi Communication Technologies has built a solid customer base in Japan and overseas.

However, the operating environment surrounding the networking business has begun to see a rapid shift toward IP technology-based NGNs, against the backdrop of further expansion in the mobile market, and the broadband market, namely FTTH (Fiber To The Home). As a result, this trend has made it increasingly important to fuse computer and communications

technologies, centered on IP technology, in addition to capturing synergies by fostering collaboration among solutions, services and product businesses. Furthermore, in order to expand the networking business globally, combined with strengthening corporate governance, resources in the sales, system engineering and product development engineering, it is critically important these areas are fully optimized.

To respond to these conditions, Hitachi decided to integrate Hitachi Communication Technologies as a means to fully optimize the networking business-related sales, solutions and services, communications network products and other organizations in Hitachi's Information & Telecommunication Systems Group. This move should establish a solid networking business structure within the Hitachi Group as the basis for developing a stronger and more competitive business worldwide.

2. Position of the Networking Business in the Hitachi Group

Currently, the Hitachi Group is increasing its focus on the Social Innovation Business. This business provides social infrastructure supported by Hitachi's unmatched, distinctive strengths in highly reliable and highly efficient information and communications technology, including global technological capabilities and many years of experience and expertise.

The networking business will help drive expansion in the Social Innovation Business through the strengthening of Hitachi's value proposition, technological and system integration capabilities in NGNs. These are seen as part of the social infrastructure, to meet customers' diverse needs, including for technologies that address environmental themes and technologies that are more reliable, faster and can handle greater capacity, particularly for communications carriers. Along with expanding NGNs, the networking business is an increasingly important business for supporting the Hitachi Group's power systems, transportation systems and other social infrastructure businesses.

3. Hitachi Group Networking Business Strategy

The main business domains targeted by the Hitachi Group are the communications carrier field, including systems solutions and services as well as products for NGNs. The business field, including corporate networking solutions, services and products for various industries; and new fields (life community), such as the convergence of broadcasting and communications are expected to grow due to the linking of NGNs and home networks. The Hitachi Group will provide solutions and services, which are supported by storage, server, middleware and others, and products for these business domains, and in doing so will contribute to the creation of NGNs as a new element of social infrastructure.

This primary goal for this merger is to strengthen the networking business structure while achieving business development with communications carriers, business and life community fields. In the carrier field, Hitachi will concentrate on providing the service platforms for building and expanding NGNs, as well as focusing on optical and IP networks, mobile base stations and other products. In the business field, Hitachi will continue to strengthen corporate networking solutions and services and product businesses that support innovations in work approaches aimed at increasing corporate productivity.

Moreover, the future in the life community field, broadcasting and communications convergence market, such as optical network-based IP-enabled TVs, is expected to expand due to the linking of NGNs and home networks. This merger seeks to capitalize on the Hitachi Group's collective capabilities to establish a highly profitable business model that will provide high-value-added solutions, services and products in this field. As a significant player in NGN business market in Japan, a competitive market, the company is well poised to leverage its experience and expertise in this area and do the same on a global basis.

4. Overview of Merger

4-1. Schedule

April 27, 2009 (Monday) Decision on merger

April 27, 2009 (Monday) Conclusion of Merger Agreement

July 1, 2009 (Wednesday) Effective date of merger

(Note) Hitachi will not seek shareholder approval for this merger because this is a simplified merger pursuant to Article 796, Paragraph 3 of the Corporate Law of Japan, and Hitachi Communication Technologies will not seek shareholder approval because this is a short-form merger pursuant to Article 784, Paragraph 1 of the Corporation Law.

4-2. Merger Method

Under this merger, Hitachi as the continuing company will merge with Hitachi Communication Technologies, which will be dissolved.

4-3. Treatment of the Stock Acquisition Rights and Bonds With Stock Acquisition Rights of the Company to Be Dissolved

Hitachi Communication Technologies has not issued stock acquisition rights or bonds with stock acquisition rights.

5. Outline of the Merging Companies

(As of March 31, 2008)

Name	Hitachi, Ltd	Hitachi Communication Technologies, Ltd.				
	(Continuing company)	(Company to be dissolved)				
Business	Development, manufacture and sale of information systems, electronic devices, power and industrial systems, consumer products	Design and manufacture of information and communication systems, and sales and services in Japan and overseas				
Established	February 1, 1920	April 1, 1964				
Head office	6-6, Marunouchi 1-chome,	26-3, Minami Oi 6-chome, Shinagawa-ku,				
	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Tokyo				
President	Takashi Kawamura, Representative	Yoshihiko Miyano, President and Chief				
	Executive Officer, Chairman,	Executive Officer				
	President and Chief Executive					
	Officer					
Capital	282,033 million yen	3,000 million yen				
Shares outstanding	3,368,126,056 shares	50,085,760 shares				
Stockholders' equity	2,170,612 million yen	24,769 million yen (non-consolidated				
	(consolidated base)	base)				
Total assets	10,530,847 million yen	64,749 million yen (non-consolidated				
	(consolidated base)	base)				
Fiscal year end	March 31	March 31				
Main shareholders	NATS CUMCO 9.20%	Hitachi, Ltd. 100%				
and their holdings	State Street Bank and Trust					
	Company 7.77%					
	The Master Trust Bank of Japan,					
	Ltd. 6.20%					

(Note) The name and position of Hitachi's representative corporate officer is as of April 1, 2009.

6. Status of Hitachi After the Merger

There will be no change in Hitachi's corporate name, business activities, head office, president, capital or fiscal year.

7. Outlook

This merger will have no effect on Hitachi's consolidated operating results since the merger is with a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hitachi.

Cautionary Statement

Certain statements found in this document may constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such "forward-looking statements" reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and financial performance and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "plan," "project" and similar expressions which indicate future events and trends may identify "forward-looking statements." Such statements are based on currently available information and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in the "forward-looking statements" and from historical trends. Certain "forward-looking statements" are based upon current assumptions of future events which may not prove to be accurate. Undue reliance should not be placed on "forward-looking statements," as such statements speak only as of the date of this document. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in any "forward-looking statement" and from historical trends include, but are not limited to:

- increased commoditization of information technology products and digital media related products and intensifying price competition for such products, particularly in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment, Electronic Devices segment and Digital Media & Consumer Products segment;
- fluctuations in product demand and industry capacity, particularly in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment, Electronic Devices segment and Digital Media & Consumer Products segment;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to continue to develop and market products that incorporate new technology on a timely and cost-effective basis and to achieve market acceptance for such products;
- rapid technological innovation, particularly in the Information & Telecommunication Systems segment, Electronic Devices segment and Digital Media & Consumer Products segment;
- exchange rate fluctuation for the yen and other currencies in which Hitachi makes significant sales or in which Hitachi's assets and liabilities are denominated, particularly against the U.S. dollar and the euro;
- increases in the price of raw materials including, without limitation, petroleum and other materials, such as copper, steel, aluminum and synthetic resins;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to implement measures to reduce the potential negative impact of fluctuations in product demand, exchange rate fluctuation and/or increases in the price of raw materials;
- general socio-economic and political conditions and the regulatory and trade environment of Hitachi's major markets, particularly Japan,
 Asia, the United States and Europe, including, without limitation, a return to stagnation or a deterioration of the Japanese economy,
 direct or indirect restrictions by other nations on imports, or differences in commercial and business customs including, without limitation, contract terms and conditions and labor relations;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's access to, or ability to protect, certain intellectual property rights, particularly those related to electronics and data processing technologies;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of litigation, regulatory investigations and other legal proceedings of which the Company, its subsidiaries or its equity method affiliates have become or may become parties;
- · the possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of Hitachi;
- · uncertainty as to the success of restructuring efforts to improve management efficiency and to strengthen competitiveness;
- uncertainty as to the success of alliances upon which Hitachi depends, some of which Hitachi may not control, with other corporations in the design and development of certain key products;
- · uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to access, or access on favorable terms, liquidity or long-term financing; and
- uncertainty as to general market price levels for equity securities in Japan, declines in which may require Hitachi to write down equity securities it holds.

The factors listed above are not all-inclusive and are in addition to other factors contained in Hitachi's periodic filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and in other materials published by Hitachi.

About Hitachi, Ltd.

Hitachi, Ltd., (NYSE: HIT / TSE: 6501), headquartered in Tokyo, Japan, is a leading global electronics company with approximately 390,000 employees worldwide. Fiscal 2007 (ended March 31, 2008) consolidated revenues totaled 11,226 billion yen (\$112.3 billion). The company offers a wide range of systems, products and services in market sectors including information systems, electronic devices, power and industrial systems, consumer products, materials, logistics and financial services. For more information on Hitachi, please visit the company's website at http://www.hitachi.com.

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