Hitachi Announces Incorporation-type Company Split Related to the LCD Panel, etc. Manufacturing Equipment Business, and Transfer of Shares of a New Company

Tokyo, Japan, March 11, 2016 --- Hitachi, Ltd. (TSE:6501, "Hitachi") today announced that it would spin off its LCD panel, etc. manufacturing equipment business (the "Business to Be Split-Off ") to a newly established company (the "New Company") through an incorporation-type company split (the "Company Split") on July 1, 2016. On the same date, Hitachi will transfer most of the shares in the New Company to a company (the "Stock Receiving Company") recently established by Polaris Capital Group Co., Ltd.* (President: Yuji Kimura, "POLARIS")(the "Transfer of Shares").

Certain disclosure and details have been omitted as this company split is an incorporation-type company split conducted solely by Hitachi.

1. Purpose of Company Split and Transfer of Shares

Hitachi is involved in the design, development, manufacturing, sales, and after sales service of LCD panel and organic Electro-Luminescence (EL) panel manufacturing equipment, and manufacturing equipment related to micro-ball mounters, which are used to mount solder balls on semiconductor wafers. The two core technologies in this field are fine coating and high precision lamination. Hitachi has secured a substantial share of markets for these products both in Japan and overseas.

The market environment surrounding this business is changing at an increasingly rapid pace, as panels feature higher resolutions than ever before, and digital devices become more compact, with more advanced functions. In the midst of these developments, it is essential to respond to customer needs while at the same time further expanding share and securing stable profits. Hitachi reached the conclusion that in order to achieve these goals, and to create new business through partnering and the effective use of core technologies, it would be necessary to build a business structure that was capable of even faster operations, and to increase management efficiency. It has thus decided to transfer this business to POLARIS, which has an extensive track record in investments and original know-how and resources, as well as experience in increasing the corporate value of companies targeted for investments. POLARIS will strive for further growth in the above business fields.

The Hitachi Group is promoting the Social Innovation Business, which combines advanced information technologies and infrastructure technologies that it has cultivated over many years. Using the capital secured through the Transfer of Shares, it will further accelerate global rollout of the Social Innovation Business.

^{*} Polaris Capital Group Co., Ltd.: A private equity fund management company that supports corporate reorganizations and restructuring.

2. Outline of Company Split and Transfer of Shares

(1) Schedule of Company Split and Transfer of Shares

Execution of the Share Purchase Agreement	March 11, 2016		
Decision on the Incorporation-type Company Split Plan	May-June 2016 (tentative)		
Scheduled Company Split Date and	Luku 4, 2040 (temtetive)		
Effective Date of Transfer of Shares	July 1, 2016 (tentative)		

⁽Note) The incorporation-type company split is deemed to be a simple incorporation-type company split, pursuant to Article 805 of the Companies Act of Japan. Therefore, Hitachi does not plan to convene a shareholders' meeting to obtain approval for the company split plan.

(2) Company Split Method

This is an incorporation-type company split in which Hitachi is the splitting company and the New Company is the company incorporated in the incorporation-type split.

(3) Handling of Stock Acquisition Rights and Bonds with Stock Acquisition Rights Accompanying Company Split

Hitachi has no outstanding stock acquisition rights or bonds with stock acquisition rights.

(4) Capitalization Changes Accompanying Company Split

There will be no changes in Hitachi's capitalization as a result of the Company Split.

(5) Other

Notification of other details of the Company Split will be provided as they are decided.

3. Profile of the Parties of Company Split

Splitting Company	New Company (at the time of establishment (tentative))			
Hitachi, Ltd.	Not yet determined			
6-6 Marunouchi 1-chome Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	5-2 Koyodai, Ryugasaki City, Ibaraki Prefecture			
President & COO: Toshiaki Higashihara	Not yet determined			
Development, manufacture and sales of products and provision of service across nine segments: Information & Telecommunication Systems, Social Infrastructure & Industrial Systems, Electronic Systems & Equipment, Construction Machinery, High Functional Materials & Components, Automotive Systems, Smart Life & Ecofriendly Systems, Other (Logistics and Other services), and Financial Services	Design, development, manufacturing sells, and after sales service of LCD panel and organic EL panel manufacturing equipment, and manufacturing equipment related to micro-ball mounters (used to mount solder balls on semiconductor wafer			
458,790 million yen (As of March 31, 2015)	Not yet determined			
February 1, 1920	July 1, 2016			
4,833,463,387 shares (As of March 31, 2015)	Not yet determined			
March 31	Not yet determined			
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) 6.24% Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account) 4.57% Hitachi Employees' Shareholding Association 2.07% Nippon Life Insurance Company 1.93% NATS CUMCO 1.74%	Hitachi, Ltd. 100%*			
	Hitachi, Ltd. 6-6 Marunouchi 1-chome Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo President & COO: Toshiaki Higashihara Development, manufacture and sales of products and provision of service across nine segments: Information & Telecommunication Systems, Social Infrastructure & Industrial Systems, Electronic Systems & Equipment, Construction Machinery, High Functional Materials & Components, Automotive Systems, Smart Life & Ecofriendly Systems, Other (Logistics and Other services), and Financial Services 458,790 million yen (As of March 31, 2015) February 1, 1920 4,833,463,387 shares (As of March 31, 2015) March 31 The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) 6.24% Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account) 4.57% Hitachi Employees' Shareholding Association 2.07% Nippon Life Insurance Company 1.93% NATS CUMCO			

(10) Financial Conditions and Business Results for the Most Recent Fiscal Year (ended March 2015) (Consolidated/IFRS) (Millions of yen unless otherwise specified)						
Total Hitachi, Ltd. stockholders' equity	2,942,281	_				
Total assets	12,433,727	_				
Total Hitachi, Ltd. stockholders' equity per share (yen)	609.35	_				
Revenues	9,774,930	_				
Income from continuing operations, before income taxes	518,994	_				
Net income attributable to Hitachi, Ltd. stockholders	217,482	_				
Earnings per share attributable to Hitachi, Ltd. stockholders (Basic) (yen)	45.04	_				

On the date that the company split goes into effect, most of the shares in the New Company will be transferred from Hitachi to the Stock Receiving Company. As such, its main shareholders and shareholder ratio will be: Stock Receiving Company: 95.1%; Hitachi, Ltd.: 4.9%.

4. Overview of the Business to Be Split-Off

(1) Business to Be Split-Off

Design, development, manufacturing, and after sales service of LCD panel and organic EL panel manufacturing equipment, sales, and manufacturing equipment related to micro-ball mounters (used to mount solder balls on semiconductor wafers)

(2) Other

Other details concerning the Business to Be Split-Off will be announced as they are decided.

5. Status of the Parties After the Company Split

There will be no change in Hitachi's company name, head office location, representative's position or name, business activities, capital, or fiscal year due to the Company Split.

Status of the New Company is as indicated in "3. Profile of the Parties of Company Split" above.

6. Outlook

The Company Split and the Transfer of Shares are expected to have minor impact on Hitachi's consolidated operating results.

(Reference) Consolidated Business Forecasts for the Year Ending March 31, 2016 (announced on Feb. 3, 2016) and Consolidated Operating Results for the Previous Fiscal Year

(Millions of yen)

	Revenues	Adjusted operating income*	Income from continuing operations, before income taxes	Net income	Net income attributable to Hitachi, Ltd. stockholders
Consolidated Business Forecasts for Fiscal 2015 (Year Ending March 31, 2016)	9,950,000	630,000	520,000	375,000	240,000
Consolidated Operating Results for Fiscal 2014 (Year Ended March 31, 2015)	9,774,930	641,325	518,994	343,418	217,482

^{*&}quot;Adjusted operating income" is presented as revenues less cost of sales as well as selling, general and administrative expenses.

Cautionary Statement

Certain statements found in this document may constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such "forward-looking statements" reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and financial performance and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "plan," "project" and similar expressions which indicate future events and trends may identify "forward-looking statements." Such statements are based on currently available information and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in the "forward-looking statements" and from historical trends. Certain "forward-looking statements" are based upon current assumptions of future events which may not prove to be accurate. Undue reliance should not be placed on "forward-looking statements," as such statements speak only as of the date of this document.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in any "forward-looking statement" and from historical trends include, but are not limited to:

- economic conditions, including consumer spending and plant and equipment investment in Hitachi's major markets, particularly Japan, Asia, the United States and Europe, as well as levels of demand in the major industrial sectors Hitachi serves, including, without limitation, the information, electronics, automotive, construction and financial sectors;
- exchange rate fluctuations of the yen against other currencies in which Hitachi makes significant sales or in which Hitachi's assets and liabilities are denominated, particularly against the U.S. dollar and the euro;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to access, or access on favorable terms, liquidity or long-term financing;
- uncertainty as to general market price levels for equity securities, declines in which may require Hitachi to write down equity securities that it holds;

- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to continue to develop and market products that incorporate new technologies on a timely and cost-effective basis and to achieve market acceptance for such products;
- the possibility of cost fluctuations during the lifetime of, or cancellation of, long-term contracts for which Hitachi uses the percentage-of-completion method to recognize revenue from sales;
- credit conditions of Hitachi's customers and suppliers;
- fluctuations in the price of raw materials including, without limitation, petroleum and other materials, such as copper, steel, aluminum, synthetic resins, rare metals and rare-earth minerals, or shortages of materials, parts and components;
- · fluctuations in product demand and industry capacity;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to implement measures to reduce the potential negative impact
 of fluctuations in product demand, exchange rates and/or price of raw materials or shortages of
 materials, parts and components;
- increased commoditization of and intensifying price competition for products;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to achieve the anticipated benefits of its strategy to strengthen its Social Innovation Business;
- uncertainty as to the success of acquisitions of other companies, joint ventures and strategic alliances and the possibility of incurring related expenses;
- uncertainty as to the success of restructuring efforts to improve management efficiency by divesting or otherwise exiting underperforming businesses and to strengthen competitiveness;
- uncertainty as to the success of cost reduction measures;
- general socioeconomic and political conditions and the regulatory and trade environment of countries where Hitachi conducts business, particularly Japan, Asia, the United States and Europe, including, without limitation, direct or indirect restrictions by other nations on imports and differences in commercial and business customs including, without limitation, contract terms and conditions and labor relations;
- uncertainty as to the success of alliances upon which Hitachi depends, some of which Hitachi may not control, with other corporations in the design and development of certain key products;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's access to, or ability to protect, certain intellectual property rights, particularly those related to electronics and data processing technologies;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of litigation, regulatory investigations and other legal proceedings
 of which the Company, its subsidiaries or its equity-method associates and joint ventures have
 become or may become parties:
- the possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of Hitachi;
- the potential for significant losses on Hitachi's investments in equity-method associates and joint ventures:
- the possibility of disruption of Hitachi's operations by natural disasters such as earthquakes and tsunamis, the spread of infectious diseases, and geopolitical and social instability such as terrorism and conflict;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to maintain the integrity of its information systems, as well as Hitachi's ability to protect its confidential information or that of its customers:
- uncertainty as to the accuracy of key assumptions Hitachi uses to evaluate its significant employee benefit-related costs; and
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to attract and retain skilled personnel.

The factors listed above are not all-inclusive and are in addition to other factors contained in other materials published by Hitachi.

About Hitachi, Ltd.

Hitachi, Ltd. (TSE: 6501), headquartered in Tokyo, Japan, delivers innovations that answer society's challenges with our talented team and proven experience in global markets. The company's consolidated revenues for fiscal 2014 (ended March 31, 2015) totaled 9,761 billion yen (\$81.3 billion). Hitachi is focusing more than ever on the Social Innovation Business, which includes power & infrastructure systems, information & telecommunication systems, construction machinery, high functional materials & components, automotive systems, healthcare and others. For more information on Hitachi, please visit the company's website at http://www.hitachi.com.

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